

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

# **Bactosol Beerline Cleaner**

Revision: 2021-10-31

Version: 01.0

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **1.1 Product identifier**

Trade name: Bactosol Beerline Cleaner

UFI: 781H-H11P-V00G-2Q2K

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Product use: Cleaning in place chemical.

Uses advised against:

For professional use only. Uses other than those identified are not recommended.

SWED - Sector-specific worker exposure description : AISE\_SWED\_PW\_1\_1 AISE\_SWED\_PW\_1\_1

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet** Diversey Europe Operations BV, Maarssenbroeksedijk 2, 3542DN Utrecht, The Netherlands

#### **Contact details**

Diversey Ltd Weston Favell Centre, Northampton NN3 8PD, United Kingdom Tel: 01604 405311, Fax: 01604 406809 Regulatory Email: customerservice.uk@diversey.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Seek medical advice (show the label or safety data sheet where possible) For medical or environmental emergency only: call 0800 052 0185

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

EUH031 Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) Met. Corr. 1 (H290)

2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Danger.

Contains sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine) (Sodium Hypochlorite), sodium hydroxide (Sodium Hydroxide)

#### Hazard statements:

EUH031 - Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H290 - May be corrosive to metals.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P260 - Do not breathe vapours.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Ingredient(s)	EC number	CAS number	REACH number	Classification	Notes	Weight percent
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	231-668-3	7681-52-9	[6]	EUH031 Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Aquatic Acute 1 M=10 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410) Met. Corr. 1 (H290)		3-10
sodium hydroxide	215-185-5	1310-73-2	01-2119457892-27	Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Met. Corr. 1 (H290)		3-10

#### Specific concentration limits

sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine):

• Met. Corr. 1 (H290) >= 5%

• EUH031 >= 5%

sodium hydroxide:

• Met. Corr. 1 (H290) >= 0.5%

• Eye Dam. 1 (H318) >= 3% > Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) >= 0.5%

• Skin Corr. 1A (H314) >= 5% > Skin Corr. 1B (H314) >= 2% > Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) >= 0.5%

Workplace exposure limit(s), if available, are listed in subsection 8.1. ATE, if available, are listed in section 11. [6] Exempted: biocidal active. See Article 15(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

For the full text of the H and EUH phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16...

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Information:	If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose
	resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.
Inhalation:	Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.
Skin contact:	Wash skin with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediately call a POISON
	CENTRE, doctor or physician.
Eye contact:	Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.
Ingestion:	Rinse mouth. Immediately drink 1 glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.
Self-protection of first aider:	Consider personal protective equipment as indicated in subsection 8.2.
4.2 Most important symptoms and eff	fects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation:	May cause bronchospasm in chlorine sensitive individuals.
Skin contact:	Causes severe burns.
Eye contact:	Causes severe or permanent damage.
Ingestion:	Ingestion will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of

oesophagus and stomach.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found in section 11.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### No special hazards known.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing including gloves and eye/face protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust or vapour. In case of an incident in a confined area wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable gloves. Wear eye/face protection.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water. Do not allow to enter the ground/soil. Inform responsible authorities in case undiluted product reaches drainage system, surface or ground water or the ground/soil.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ensure adequate ventilation. Dyke to collect large liquid spills. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders, sawdust). Do not place spilled materials back into the original container. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see subsection 8.2. For disposal considerations see section 13.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Measures to prevent fire and explosions: No special precautions required.

#### Measures required to protect the environment:

For environmental exposure controls see subsection 8.2.

#### Advices on general occupational hygiene:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not mix with other products unless adviced by Diversey. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours. Use only with adequate ventilation. See chapter 8.2, Exposure controls / Personal protection.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local and national regulations. Store in a closed container. Keep only in original packaging. Keep from freezing. For conditions to avoid see subsection 10.4. For incompatible materials see subsection 10.5.

#### Seveso - Lower Tier requirements (tonnes): 200 Seveso - Upper Tier requirements (tonnes): 500

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No specific advice for end use available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1 Control parameters

## Workplace exposure limits

|--|

Ingredient(s)	UK - Long term value(s)	UK - Short term value(s)	
sodium hydroxide		2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

Biological limit values, if available:

#### Recommended monitoring procedures, if available:

Additional exposure limits under the conditions of use, if available:

#### **DNEL/DMEL and PNEC values**

## Human exposure

DNEL oral exposure - Consumer (mg/kg bw)				
Ingredient(s)		Short term - Systemic		Long term - Systemic
	effects	effects	effects	effects

sodium hydroxide	-	-	-	-

DNEL dermal exposure - Worker

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local effects	Short term - Systemic effects (mg/kg bw)	Long term - Local effects	Long term - Systemic effects (mg/kg bw)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	-	-	0.5 %	-
sodium hydroxide	2 %	-	-	-

DNEL dermal exposure - Consumer

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local effects	Short term - Systemic effects (mg/kg bw)	Long term - Local effects	Long term - Systemic effects (mg/kg bw)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	-	-	0.5 %	-
sodium hydroxide	2 %	-	-	-

DNEL inhalatory exposure - Worker (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local effects	Short term - Systemic effects	Long term - Local effects	Long term - Systemic effects
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	3.1	3.1	1.55	1.55
sodium hydroxide	-	-	1	-

#### DNEL inhalatory exposure - Consumer (mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Ingredient(s)	Short term - Local effects	Short term - Systemic effects	Long term - Local effects	Long term - Systemic effects
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	3.1	3.1	1.55	1.55
sodium hydroxide	-	-	1	-

# Environmental exposure - PNEC

Ingredient(s)	Surface water, fresh (mg/l)	Surface water, marine (mg/l)	Intermittent (mg/l)	Sewage treatment plant (mg/l)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	0.00021	0.000042	0.00026	0.03
sodium hydroxide	-	-	-	-

#### Environmental exposure - PNEC, continued

Ingredient(s)	Sediment, freshwater (mg/kg)	Sediment, marine (mg/kg)	Soil (mg/kg)	Air (mg/m³)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	-	-	-	-
sodium hydroxide	-	-	-	-

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

The following information applies for the uses indicated in subsection 1.2 of the Safety Data Sheet. If available, please refer to the product information sheet for application and handling instructions. Normal use conditions are assumed for this section.

Recommended safety measures for handling the <u>undiluted</u> product:

Appropriate engineering controls:If the product is diluted by using specific dosing systems with no risk of splashes or direct skin<br/>contact, the personal protection equipment as described in this section is not required. Where<br/>possible: use in automated/closed system and cover open containers. Transport over pipes. Filling<br/>with automatic systems. Use tools for manual handling of product.Appropriate organisational controls:Avoid direct contact and/or splashes where possible. Train personnel.

#### REACH use scenarios considered for the undiluted product:

	SWED - Sector-specific worker exposure description	LCS	PROC	Duration (min)	ERC
Automatic application in a dedicated closed system	AISE_SWED_PW_1_1	PW	PROC 1	60	ERC8a

#### Personal protective equipment Eye / face protection:

Hand protection:

Safety glasses or goggles (EN 166). The use of a full-face shield or other full-face protection is strongly recommended when handling open containers or if splashes may occur. Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Verify instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time, as provided by the gloves supplier. Consider specific local use conditions, such as risk of splashes, cuts, contact time and temperature. Suggested gloves for prolonged contact: Material: butyl rubber Penetration time: ≥ 480 min Material thickness; > 0.7 mm

thickness: ≥ 0.7 mm Suggested gloves for protection against splashes: Material: nitrile rubber Penetration time: ≥ 30 min

Material thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm In consultation with the supplier of protective gloves a different type providing similar protection may

Body protection:	be chosen. No special requirements under normal use conditions. Wear chemical-resistant clothing and boots in case direct dermal exposure and/or splashes may occur (EN 14605).
Respiratory protection:	Respiratory protection is not normally required. However, inhalation of vapour, spray, gas or aerosols should be avoided.

Environmental exposure controls: Should not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted.

Recommended safety measures for handling the <u>diluted</u> product:

Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 3

Appropriate engineering controls:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Appropriate organisational controls:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

#### REACH use scenarios considered for the diluted product:

	SWED	LCS	PROC	Duration (min)	ERC
Automatic application in a dedicated closed system	AISE_SWED_PW_1_1	PW	PROC 1	480	ERC8a

#### Personal protective equipment Eve /

Eye / face protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Hand protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Body protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Respiratory protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

**Environmental exposure controls:** 

Should not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Information in this section refers to the product, unless it is specifically stated that substance data is listed

Physical state: Liquid Colour: Clear , Pale , from Yellow to Green Odour: Chlorine Odour threshold: Not applicable Melting point/freezing point (°C): Not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): Not determined

Not relevant to classification of this product See substance data

#### Substance data, boiling point

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Atmospheric pressure
	(°C)		(hPa)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Product decomposes before boiling	Method not given	1013
sodium hydroxide	> 990	Method not given	

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable to liquids Flammability (liquid): Not flammable. Flash point (°C): > 100 °C Sustained combustion: The product does not sustain combustion (UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, section 32, L.2) Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit (%): Not determined Method / remark

Method / remark

closed cup Weight of evidence

See substance data

Substance data, flammability or explosive limits, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Lower limit (% vol)	Upper limit (% vol)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	-	-

#### Method / remark

ISO 4316

ISO 4316

Autoignition temperature: Not determined Decomposition temperature: Not applicable. **pH:** > 11 (neat) **Dilution pH:** > 11 (3%) Kinematic viscosity: ≈ 3 mPa.s (20 °C)

Solubility in / Miscibility with Water: Fully miscible

Substance data, solubility in water

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Temperature
	(g/l)		(°C)

sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Soluble		
sodium hydroxide	1000	Method not given	20

Substance data, partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): see subsection 12.3

#### Vapour pressure: Not determined

#### Method / remark

See substance data

Substance data, vapour pressure

Ingredient(s)	Value (Pa)	Method	Temperature (°C)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Negligible .?		
sodium hydroxide	< 1330	Method not given	20

Relative density: ≈ 1.19 (20 °C) Relative vapour density: No data available. Particle characteristics: No data available.

## Method / remark

OECD 109 (EU A.3) Not relevant to classification of this product Not applicable to liquids.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes
Explosive properties: Not explosive. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Oxidising properties: Not oxidising.
Corrosion to metals: Corrosive

### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

No other relevant information available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

May be corrosive to metals. Reacts with acids. Reacts with acids releasing toxic chlorine gas.

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Chlorine.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture data:.

#### Relevant calculated ATE(s):

ATE - Oral (mg/kg): >2000

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:.

#### Acute toxicity Acute oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)	ATE (mg/kg)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LD 50	1100	Rat	OECD 401 (EU B.1)	90	Not established
sodium hydroxide		500				Not established

Acute dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)	ATE (mg/kg)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LD 50	> 20000	Rabbit	OECD 402 (EU B.3)		Not established
sodium hydroxide	LD 50	1350	Rabbit	Method not given		Not established

Acute inhalative toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LC 50	> 10.5 (vapour)	Rat	OECD 403 (EU B.2)	1
sodium hydroxide		No data available			

### Acute inhalative toxicity, continued

Ingredient(s)	ATE - inhalation, dust	ATE - inhalation, mist	ATE - inhalation,	ATE - inhalation, gas
	(mg/l)	(mg/l)	vapour (mg/l)	(mg/l)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
sodium hydroxide	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established

#### Irritation and corrosivity Skin irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Corrosive	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
sodium hydroxide	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	

Eye irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Severe damage	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	
sodium hydroxide	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	

## Respiratory tract irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Irritating to			
	respiratory tract			
sodium hydroxide	No data available			

#### Sensitisation Sensitisation by skin contact

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	OECD 406 (EU B.6) /	
		-	Buehler test	
sodium hydroxide	Not sensitising		Human repeated patch	
			test	

## Sensitisation by inhalation

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not sensitising			
sodium hydroxide	No data available			

#### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) Mutagenicity

Ingredient(s)	Result (in-vitro)	Method (in-vitro)	Result (in-vivo)	Method (in-vivo)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No evidence for mutagenicity	· · · ·	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 474 (EU B.12)
,	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results		No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 474 (EU B.12) OECD 475 (EU B.11)

### Carcinogenicity

Ingredient(s)	Effect
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results
sodium hydroxide	No evidence for carcinogenicity, weight-of-evidence

Toxicity for reproduction

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Specific effect	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Remarks and other effects
			(mg/kg bw/d)			time	reported
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOAEL	Developmental toxicity Impaired fertility	5 (CI)	Rat	OECD 414 (EU B.31), oral OECD		No evidence for reproductive toxicity

		415 (EU B.34), oral	
sodium hydroxide	No data available		No evidence for developmental toxicity No evidence for reproductive toxicity

#### Repeated dose toxicity

Sub-acute	or sul	o-chronic	oral	toxicit

Sub-acute or sub-chronic oral toxicity											
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Specific effects and organs					
		(mg/kg bw/d)			time (days)	affected					
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOAEL	50	Rat	OECD 408 (EU	90						
				B.26)							
sodium hydroxide		No data									
		available									

#### Sub-chronic dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				
sodium hydroxide		No data available				

#### Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Specific effects and organs
		(mg/kg bw/d)			time (days)	affected
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data				
		available				
sodium hydroxide		No data				
		available				

#### Chronic toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Specific effects and organs affected	Remark
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)			No data available					
sodium hydroxide			No data available					

#### STOT-single exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not applicable
sodium hydroxide	No data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not applicable
sodium hydroxide	No data available

## Aspiration hazard

Substances with an aspiration hazard (H304), if any, are listed in section 3.

### Potential adverse health effects and symptoms

Effects and symptoms related to the product, if any, are listed in subsection 4.2.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** Endocrine disrupting properties - Human data, if available:

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No other relevant information available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

No data is available on the mixture.

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LC 50	0.06	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Method not given	96
sodium hydroxide	LC 50	35	Various species	Method not given	96

Aquatic short-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure
		(mg/l)			time (h)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	EC 50	0.035	Ceriodaphnia dubia	OECD 202 (EU C.2)	48
sodium hydroxide	EC 50	40.4	Ceriodaphnia sp.	Method not given	48

Aquatic short-term toxicity - algae					
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOEC	0.0021	Not specified	Method not given	168
sodium hydroxide	EC 50	22	Photobacteriu m phosphoreum	Method not given	0.25

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity - marine species

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	EC 50	0.026	Crassostrea virginica	Method not given	2
sodium hydroxide		No data available			

Impact on sewage plants - toxicity to bacteria

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Inoculum	Method	Exposure time
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		0.375	Activated sludge	Method not given	
sodium hydroxide		No data available			

# Aquatic long-term toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOEC	0.04	Menidia pelinsulae	Method not given	96 hour(s)	
sodium hydroxide		No data available				

#### Aquatic long-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Effects observed
		(mg/l)			time	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOEC	0.007	Crassostrea	Method not	15 day(s)	
			virginica	given		
sodium hydroxide		No data				
		available				

Aquatic toxicity to other aquatic benthic organisms, including sediment-dwelling organisms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Effects observed
		(mg/kg dw			time (days)	
		sediment)				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data				
		available				
sodium hydroxide		No data				
		available				

Terrestrial toxicity Terrestrial toxicity - soil invertebrates, including earthworms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data				
		available				
sodium hydroxide		No data				
		available				

Terrestrial toxicity - plants, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				
sodium hydroxide		No data available				

#### Terrestrial toxicity - birds, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data				
		available				
sodium hydroxide		No data				
		available				

#### Terrestrial toxicity - beneficial insects, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				
sodium hydroxide		No data available				

#### Terrestrial toxicity - soil bacteria, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data				
		available				
sodium hydroxide		No data				
		available				

12.2 Persistence and degradability Abiotic degradation Abiotic degradation - photodegradation in air, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	115 day(s)	Indirect photo-oxidation		
sodium hydroxide	13 second(s)	Method not given	Rapidly photodegradable	

#### Abiotic degradation - hydrolysis, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time in fresh water	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No data available			
sodium hydroxide	No data available			

Abiotic degradation - other processes, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Туре	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hypochlorite		No data available			
(active chlorine)					
sodium hydroxide		No data available			

Biodegradation Ready biodegradability - aerobic conditions

Ingredient(s)	Inoculum	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)					Not applicable (inorganic substance)
sodium hydroxide					Not applicable (inorganic substance)

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)					No data available
sodium hydroxide					No data available

Degradation in relevant environmental compartments, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)					No data available
sodium hydroxide					No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)							
Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Evaluation	Remark			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	-3.42	Method not given	No bioaccumulation expected				
sodium hydroxide	No data available		Not relevant, does not bioaccumulate				

#### Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No data available				
sodium hydroxide	No data available				

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Ingredient(s)	Adsorption coefficient Log Koc	Desorption coefficient Log Koc(des)	Method	Soil/sediment type	Evaluation
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	1.12				High potential for mobility in soil
sodium hydroxide	No data available				Mobile in soil

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substances that fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, if any, are listed in section 3.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties - Environmental effects, if available:

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods Waste from residues / unused products: European Waste Catalogue:	The concentrated contents or contaminated packaging should be disposed of by a certified handler or according to the site permit. Release of waste to sewers is discouraged. The cleaned packaging material is suitable for energy recovery or recycling in line with local legislation. 20 01 15* - alkalines.
Empty packaging Recommendation: Suitable cleaning agents:	Dispose of observing national or local regulations. Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**



Land transport (ADR/RID), Sea transport (IMDG), Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) 14.1 UN number: 1719 14.2 UN proper shipping name: Caustic alkali liquid, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide, sodium hypochlorite) 14.3 Transport hazard class (es): Transport hazard class (and subsidiary risks): 8 14.4 Packing group: II 14.5 Environmental hazards: Environmentally hazardous: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user: None known.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: The product is not transported in bulk tankers.

Other relevant information: ADR Classification code: C5 Tunnel restriction code: E Hazard identification number: 80 IMO/IMDG EmS: F-A, S-B

The product has been classified, labelled and packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADR and the provisions of the IMDG Code Transport regulations include special provisions for certain classes of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU regulations:

• Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 - REACH

- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 CLP
- Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 Detergents regulation
- Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 on biocidal products

• substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Regulation (EU) 2018/605

• Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR)

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code

#### Authorisations or restrictions (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Title VII respectively Title VIII): Not applicable.

chlorine-based bleaching agents	5 - 15 %
phosphonates, polycarboxylates	< 5 %

Seveso - Classification: 41. Mixtures of sodium hypochlorite classified as Aquatic Acute Category 1 [H400] containing less than 5 % active chlorine and not classified under any of the other hazard categories in Part 1 of Annex I

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out on the mixture

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information in this document is based on our best present knowledge. However, it does not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and does not establish a legally binding contract

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#### Classification procedure

The classification of the mixture is in general based on calculation methods using substance data, as required by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. If for certain classifications data on the mixture is available or for example bridging principles or weight of evidence can be used for classification, this will be indicated in the relevant sections of the Safety Data Sheet. See section 9 for physical chemical properties, section 11 for toxicological information and section 12 for ecological information.

#### Full text of the H and EUH phrases mentioned in section 3:

- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

- AISE The international Association for Soaps, Detergents and Maintenance Products
- ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
- DNEL Derived No Effect Limit
- EC50 effective concentration, 50%
  ERC Environmental release categories
- EUH CLP Specific hazard statement
- LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
- LCS Life cycle stage

- LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose
  NOAEL No observed adverse effect level
  NOEL No observed effect level
  OECD Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
  PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
  PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
  PROC Process categories
  REACH number REACH registration number, without supplier specific part
  vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

End of Safety Data Sheet